Report of Firearms Compliance Inspection

COLORADO SHOOTING SPORTS LLC's FCI FCI-26974 07/18/2022 12:36 PM IOI (b)(6) , Denver VI (IO) Field Office LICENSEE INFORMATION RDS Ke License/Permit Number License Type COLORADO SHOOTING SPORTS LLC 5-84-10387 5-84-123-07-3E-10387 07 - Manufacturer of Firearms License Business Type Limited Liability Company (LLC) **Premises Address Mailing Address** Premises Ownership Type Same as Premises Address Leased/Rented Premises Location Type Store Front Address 2435 8TH AVE UNIT A Unit N/A GREELEY, Colorado 80631 WELD United States Phone Number Phone Type Remarks Business +1 970-395-0664 RECOMMENDATIONS Final Decision Revocation 07/01/2022 Details License was revoked effective 7/1/2022. Out of Business Records and Inventory Management Licensee Records Licensee Inventory Inventory sold to non-licensee or non-permittee Submitted to an ATF Employee ATF Employee Name No inventory on hand (b)(6) Deputy Assistant Director - Industry Operations Megan Bennett's Recommendation Revocation Details I concur with the recommendation of revocation as the FFL failed to conduct NICS checks. Special Agent in Charge David Booth's Recommendation I concur with DIO and Counsel on the recommendation for revocation. Division Counsel (b)(6) Review Details I concur with the recommended revocation. Director of Industry Operations Paul Brown's Recommendation Details Revocation is recommended. This is based on the failure to conduct required background checks.

Violations cited include:

In five instances, the licensee failed to complete a NICS/POC background check. Regarding this, the responsible person (RP) stated he remembered and or knows purchasers on multiple sales who did not have a background check. No prohibitions were found for these individuals. The RP did not express any compelling reasons or extenuating circumstances why the background checks were not completed.

This is the licensee's first compliance inspection under this current license, which was issued in 2020.

In instance, the licensee failed to initiate a new NICS check after 30 days lapsed from the initial check. The RP again noted he remembered

and or knows purchasers on multiple sales who did not have a background check. No prohibitions were found for this individual.
In instances, the licensee failed to report multiple sales or other dispositions of pistols and revolvers. The RP admitted the multiple sale reports were not completed and also said (regarding the ROV), "It was a lot of stuff". This is a repeated violation under the company's previous license from a 2015, a 2011 and 2009 inspection as noted below.
In instance, the licensee failed to timely file the required Annual Firearms Manufacturing and Exportation Report. The RP stated, "I swear I remember sending that in."
In instance, the licensee failed to execute an ATF F 4473. The RP commented, in reference to this violation, he did not know the ATF Form 4473 was required for NFA transfers.
In instances, the licensee failed to properly mark firearm(s) with the caliber or gauge.
In instances, the licensee failed to properly mark firearm(s) with the licensee name.
In instances, the licensee failed to properly mark firearm(s) with the manufacturer city and state.
For these violations, the RP stated, "he is now sending barrels for assembled firearms to an engraver for the required additional markings."
In instance, the licensee continued to be engaged in the business without having a Federal firearms license for approximately 27 days. One license expired on April 1, 2020 and the other was not issued until April 28, 2020. The company failed to be licensed as a dealer, manufacturer or importer of firearms. The RP indicated, "they ran background checks until told they had an expired license. Licensee stated they were told by CBI they had a 30 day grace period. Licensee stated he sent the renewal in a month before expiration, called the licensing center and was told "they received it, but it wasn't processed yet". Licensee stated he didn't know what that meant."
Regarding the acquisition and disposition record (A&D Record), [b] firearms were acquired and there were [b](4) dispositions for the inspection period.
Ininstances, the licensee failed to maintain an accurate/complete/timely non-licensee disposition record. This is a repeated violation under the company's previous license from a 2016 inspection and a 2015 inspection as noted below.
In instances, the licensee failed to maintain an accurate/complete/timely manufacture or acquisition record. This is a repeated violation under the company's previous license from a 2015 and a 2009 inspection as noted below.
In instances, the licensee failed to maintain an accurate/complete/timely licensee disposition record. This is a repeated violation under the company's previous license from a 2015 inspection as noted below. Note, there were disposition errors also cited during the 2009 inspection under the previous license.
As a result of the A&D Record errors, there are firearms missing after reconciliation. No additional traces were found for these missing firearms.
Reference the A&D Record, the RP said, "the "majority is paperwork issue, maybe one or two guns are missing and "the errors are the "work of one person ([b)[6])"." Regarding the disposition errors and the missing firearms, Licensee stated, "the "majority is paperwork issue, maybe one or two guns are missing". The RP continued and again said, "the errors are the "work of one person (b)[6]" and he was unaware of the requirement to record a second line entry for assembled/manufactured firearms."
For this inspection period ATF Forms 4473 were reviewed.
On ATF Forms 4473, involving instances, the licensee failed to complete the ATF Forms 4473 as prescribed in violation of 27 CFR 478.21(a), to include the use of an obsolete ATF Form 4473. This is a repeated violation under the company's previous license from a 2015 and 2009 inspection as noted below.
On ATF Forms 4473, involving instances, the licensee failed to complete the ATF Forms 4473 as prescribed in violation of 27 CFR 478.124(c)(4). This is a repeated violation under the company's previous license from a 2015 and 2009 inspection as noted below.
On ATF Forms 4473, involving instances, the licensee failed to record NICS contact information on the ATF Forms 4473. This is a repeated violation under the company's previous license from a 2015 and 2009 inspection as noted below.
On ATF Forms 4473, involving instances, the licensee failed to complete the ATF Forms 4473 as prescribed in violation of 27 CFR 478.124(c)(1). This is a repeated violation under the company's previous license from a 2015 and a 2009 inspection as noted below.
In instance, the licensee failed to verify or record identification information on the ATF Form 4473. This is a repeated violation under the company's previous license from a 2009 inspection as noted below.
On ATF Forms 4473, involving instances, the licensee failed to complete the ATF Forms 4473 as prescribed in violation of 27 CFR 478.124(c)(5). This is a repeated violation under the company's previous license from a 2015 and 2009 inspection as noted below.
Regarding the numerous issues pertaining to the ATF Form 4473 errors, the RP noted "he didn't see issues with store employee until he left. Licensee admitted he reviewed ten forms and found 190 violations. Licensee stated it's hard to "hire people that are any good". Licensee stated he has a training program for new employees."
Under a previous license, (5-84-02465) issued in 2008, a 2016 inspection resulted in a report of violations only resulting from a violation for the failure to record the disposition of each individual firearm to a non-licensee in the A&D Record in instances. No firearms were missing.
Also, under this license, a 2015 inspection resulted in a warning conference and a recall inspection. The violations cited include:
The failure to properly record A&D Record information in the required record on cocasions. In instances, the licensee failed to record the acquisition of a firearm in the required record. In instances, the licensee failed to record the disposition of a firearm in the required record. For firearms, the licensee could not locate disposition information. For firearms, the licensee failed to record both the acquisition and disposition in the required record. In instance, the licensee recorded the wrong serial number of a firearm. There were missing firearms.
The transfer of a firearm to an individual when the licensee knew or had reasonable cause to believe the transferee was prohibited on occasions. The licensee transferred firearms to individuals who answered "yes" to prohibiting questions on the ATF Form 4473, including: "yes" to item 11.b., regarding indictment for a felony; "yes" to item 11.c., regarding conviction for a felony; and "yes" to item 11.k., regarding being an alien illegally in the United States.

in	volving [] firearms.		
	The failure to obtain a separate license for each location at which firearms business activities are conducted in 1 instance. The licensee conducted business activities away from the premises by gunsmithing off-site, other than making immediate repairs.		
fo th	he failure to complete ATF Forms 4473 as indicated by the headings on the form, and the instructions on or pertaining to the form. On the forms the transferee left item 10.a., ethnicity, blank. On forms the transferee answered no to item 11.a., "Are you the actual transferee/buyer of firearm". On forms the licensee left item 18, type of firearm, blank. On form the licensee left item 30.a., number of firearms transferred, ank. On forms the transferor left item 33, their name, blank. On forms the transferor left item 35, their title, blank.		
re:	he failure to obtain, on ATF Forms 4473, all required identifying information of the transferee or a signed certification that the transferee is of prohibited from acquiring a firearm, prior to transferring a firearm. On forms, the transferee did not properly complete item 2, current sidence address. On form the transferee did not properly complete item 3, place of birth. On forms, the transferee left item 13, state of sidence, blank. On forms the transferee left item 17, certification date, blank. On form the transferee completed item 17 with an incorrect ite.		
Ba da	he failure to record, on ATF Forms 4473, the date on which the licensee contacted the Colorado Bureau of Investigation (CBI) Instant ackground Check, as well as any response provided by the system. On forms, the licensee failed to record any information for items 21.a., ate the background check was initiated, 21.b., the transaction number provided, and 21.c., the response provided. On forms, the licensee ited to record item 21.b. On form, the licensee failed to record item 21.c.		
Tl	ne failure to record the firearms manufacturer on item 26 on ATF Form 4473.		
di: fa:	he failure to sign and date ATF Forms 4473, if the licensee does not know or have reasonable cause to believe that the transferee is squalified by law from receiving the firearm. On forms, the licensee failed to sign and date the ATF Form 4473. On forms, the licensee iled to record the transfer date.		
Th	ne failure of the licensee to receive an approved (b)(3)(26 USC § 6103) (b)(3)(26 USC § 6103)		
or pr	arther note, during a 2011 inspection under this license the licensee failed to complete and submit ATF Form 3310.4, Report of Multiple Sales Other Disposition of Pistols and Revolvers on loccasions and failed to stop a transaction after receiving information that a customer was oblibited on loccasion. The transferee checked "yes" on item 11c, stating he was a convicted felon. This inspection resulted in a warning tter.		
A	2009 inspection also resulted in a warning letter and recall inspection for violations including:		
Tl	he failure to obtain or record all information called for in each form as indicated by the headings on the form and the instructions on or extraining to the form on ATF Forms 4473.		
-	ne failure to obtain all of the transferee's required information on ATF Forms 4473.		
	he failure to record the type of identification used by the transferee on ATF Form 4473.		
	he failure to record documentation establishing that the transferee, who is an alien legally in the United States, has resided in the State in which e licensee's business premise is located for 90 days continuously on ATF Forms 4473.		
	The failure to record the date on which the CBI was contacted, the response provided by CBI, and the transaction number given on ATF Forms 4473.		
	he failure to identify the firearm to be transferred by recording the name of the manufacturer, the type, model, caliber or gauge, and the serial number on ATF Forms 4473.		
Tł	he failure to sign and date as the transferor on ATF Forms 4473.		
	ne failure to obtain and record documentation of a transferee who is a nonimmigrant alien an exception or waiver from the nonimmigrant alien ohibition and proof of 90 days continuous residency within this State on [] ATF Form 4473.		
of	he failure to complete and submit ATF Form 3310.4-Report of Multiple Sale or Other Disposition of Pistols and Revolvers following the sale two or more handguns to an unlicensed person within five consecutive business days in instances.		
ac Li ad	he failure to accurately maintain an acquisition and disposition book in instances. In instances the licensee failed to record the firearm equisition. In instances the licensee failed to record the Federal Firearms (cense (FFL)) number or address of whom the firearm was received from in the A&D Record. In instances the licensee failed to record the ldress of whom the firearm was transferred to in the A&D Record. In instances the licensee failed to record the correct firearm Type in the A&D Record.		
nc	conclusion, it is evident this licensee makes excuses for the violations and did not appear to take responsibility for compliance. Again, the is clear indication of any extenuating circumstances or reasons why the background checks were not conducted. Absent this, revocation should pursued.		
	ea Supervisor (b)(6) Recommendation exocation		
De	tails		
str Fu	le licensee was cited for several violations to include failing to conduct NICS background checks on cocasions. Per ATF O 5370.1D and the Administration's comprehensive ategy to prevent and respond to gun crime and ensure public safety the failure to complete background checks warrants revocation as the minimum administrative action. rthermore, Colorado Shooting Sports LLC was cited for several repeat violations resulting from inspections performed in 2009, 2011, 2015, and 2016 on its previously held FFL 84-02465 that expired due to an untimely renewal demonstrating ongoing disregard for the recordkeeping requirements of the GCA.		
	dustry Operations Investigator (b)(6) Recommendation evocation		
Th	tails le licensee has been subject to four compliance inspections since issuance of the original license in 2008. During this time, the licensee has been cited for repeat record eping violations resulting in numerous instances of incomplete/untimely/failed entries in the acquisition and disposition record. The licensee has been counseled on a		

keeping violations resulting in numerous instances of incomplete/untimely/failed entries in the acquisition and disposition record. The licensee has been counseled on number of occasions (i.e. report of violations, warning letters, and a warning conference) with no improvement in their record keeping practices. A theft/loss report involving inferences was submitted as a result of the current inspection. The recommended administrative action is revocation since previous administrative actions have proven unsuccessful.

Inspection Findings

Records and Forms

- 1. Failure to timely and/or correctly maintain records of receipt, manufacture, importation or other acquisition of percent or more of the licensee's total acquisitions during the inspection period, with a minimum of period, with a minimum of period of the licensee's total acquisitions during the inspection period, with a minimum of period of the licensee's total acquisitions during the inspection period, with a minimum of period of the licensee's total acquisitions during the inspection period of the licensee's total acquisitions during the inspection period.
- 2. Failure to timely and/or correctly maintain records of sales or other dispositions of percent or more of the licensee's total dispositions during the inspection period, with a minimum of period in the period of the licensee's total dispositions during the inspection period, with a minimum of period of the licensee's total dispositions during the inspection period, with a minimum of the licensee's total dispositions during the inspection period, with a minimum of the licensee's total dispositions during the inspection period, with a minimum of the licensee's total dispositions during the inspection period, with a minimum of the licensee's total dispositions during the inspection period, with a minimum of the licensee's total dispositions during the inspection period of the licensee's total dispositions during the inspection period of the licensee's total dispositions during the inspection period of the licensee's total dispositions during the licensee's total disp
- 9. Failure to execute a Form 4473 (Exception: Select findings 6, 7, and 8 above for consignment sales, transfers to law enforcement officers for personal use, and FFL responsible persons; if the transferee is NOT prohibited).

Firearms

- 1. Missing firearms after inventory reconciliation (e.g., no records of disposition, required or otherwise).
- 2. Failure to mark imported or manufactured firearms appropriately.

License Type

1. FFL is engaged in an activity not authorized by the Federal firearms license (e.g., engaging in manufacturing firearms without a manufacturer's license).

NICS

- 4. Failure to conduct a NICS check or obtain an alternate permit.
- 6. Failure to initiate a new NICS check when a transaction is not completed within the 30-day period from the date NICS was initially contacted provided that the person is NOT prohibited.

Failure to Report

1. Failure to file Reports of Multiple Sale or Other Disposition of Pistols and Revolvers (F 3310.4) or Reports of Multiple Sales or Dispositions of Certain Rifles (F 3310.12) (Southwest Border states only) when legally required and with a minimum of instances.

ELIGIBILITY VERIFICATION

Business Information Verification

Licensee Name

Business Type

COLORADO SHOOTING SPORTS LLC Limited Liability Company (LLC)

Is the business valid?

Yes

Additional Findings

Colorado Shooting Sports LLC is registered and in good standing with the Colorado Secretary of State.

Attachment(s)

Colorado SOS Good Standing.pdf

Property Ownership Verification

Premises Ownership Type Leased/Rented Premises Location Type Store Front Has the property ownership been verified?

Yes

Address 2435 8TH AVE UNIT A Unit N/A GREELEY, Colorado 80631 WELD United States

Additional Findings

Licensee leases the store front location.

Attachment(s):

Property Ownership.pdf

Trade Name/DBA Verification

Trade Name/DBA

Is the trade name/DBA registered? Yes

Colorado Shooting Sports

Contact Information

Name		Date Contacted 07/21/2021		
Organization				
Job Title				
Attachment(s):				
Rental/Lease Verification Is the proposed business activity permitted by the property own.	ar?			
Yes	21.1			
Additional Findings Licensee leases the business premise.				
~				
Attachment(s): lease 2018 (b)(6) pdf				
Zoning Information Verification				
Is the proposed business activity in compliance with zoning? Yes				
Additional Findings Licensee's business operations fall within the parameters of	the local zoning ordinances.			
Contact Information	9			
None		Dec Constant		
Name (b)(6)		Date Contacted 04/22/2020		
Organization City of Greeley				
Job Title Planner				
Phone Type	Phone Number		Remarks	
Business	+1 970-350-9780			
Attachment(s):				
APPOINTMENT DETAILS				
Interview Date 07/14/2021				
Address 2435 8TH AVE UNIT A, Unit N/A, GREELEY, Colorado 8	30631	Remarks An unannounced compliance inspection was i	nitiated on 7/13/21.	
Responsible Attendee(s)		Non-Responsible Person(s)		
ANTWONE NAVADRO		(Deactivated)		
ANTHONY NAVARRO		(Deactivated)		
RESPONSIBLE PERSON(S)				
ANTHONY NAVARRO		D	full state.	
Name Gender ANTHONY NAVARRO Male			hnicity spanic or Latino	
Date of Birth SSN (b)(6)		Job Title CEO		
Physical Identifiers				
Height Weight	(b)(6)	Hair Color Ey	<u>re Color</u>	
Place of Birth				
Country State United States Of America	(b)(6)	City		
Home Address				
(h)(6)				

Additional Names

United States			
ID Type	Country	State	ID Number
Driver's License	United States	Colorado	(b)(6)
			le con a de confederación con est
Phone Type	Phone Number		Remarks
Mobile	(b)(6)		
Email Address			Email Remarks
coloradoshootingsports1@gmail.com			
Criminal History Check			
Date Criminal History Check Conducted 03/25/2021 Criminal History Check Comments Computerized criminal history checks on the RP resulte	d in no prohibiting factors.		
NON-RESPONSIBLE PERSON(S)			
Name Date of Birth	1	Job Title Store Manager	
INTERVIEW QUESTIONNAIRE			
What is the proposed business activity? Colorado Shooting Sports LLC previously held a Type 07 (5-84-02465) at the proposed business premises but failed to timely renew, resulting in the submission of an application for a new Type 07 FFL issued on 4/28/20. The licensee is engaged in the retail sale of new and used firearms to the general public. Additionally, the licensee assembles AR type firearms for resale. Colorado Shooting Sports LLC provided gunsmith, private party and FFL/internet transfers. The licensee conducted consignments and trade-in's and may attend gunshows. The licensee hold (b)(3)(26 USC § 6103) Colorado Shooting Sports LLC provides firearm safety courses for the general public. The licensee reports manufacturing twenty firearms since obtaining the license in April 2020. Do they need an additional license or permit?			
No Who are their primary suppliers?			
Licensee utilizes a number of distributors for acquisition	n of new firearms.		
Business Activities		Selected Operational Security Mea	sures
		No items	
(b)(3)(26 USC § 6103) Internet Sales/Transfers			
Retail			
Gunsmith			
Gun Show Participant			
Internet Sales/Transfers Website			
coloradoshootingsportsstore.com			
PREMISES INFORMATION			
Inspection Area Description The licensee operates from a store front location in a co at the license premise.	mmercial area of Greeley, Co	O. There is no off-site storage. The lice	nsee asserts all manufacturing and retail activities take place
Primary Activity		Selected Physical Security Measur	es
Retail		Bars on Doors	

Bars on Windows Safe(s)/Vault(s)

GPS Coordinates

Latitude 40.39784

Longitude 104.69120

ONSITE SUMMARY

Total Number of ATF Form 4473s for Inspection Review Period

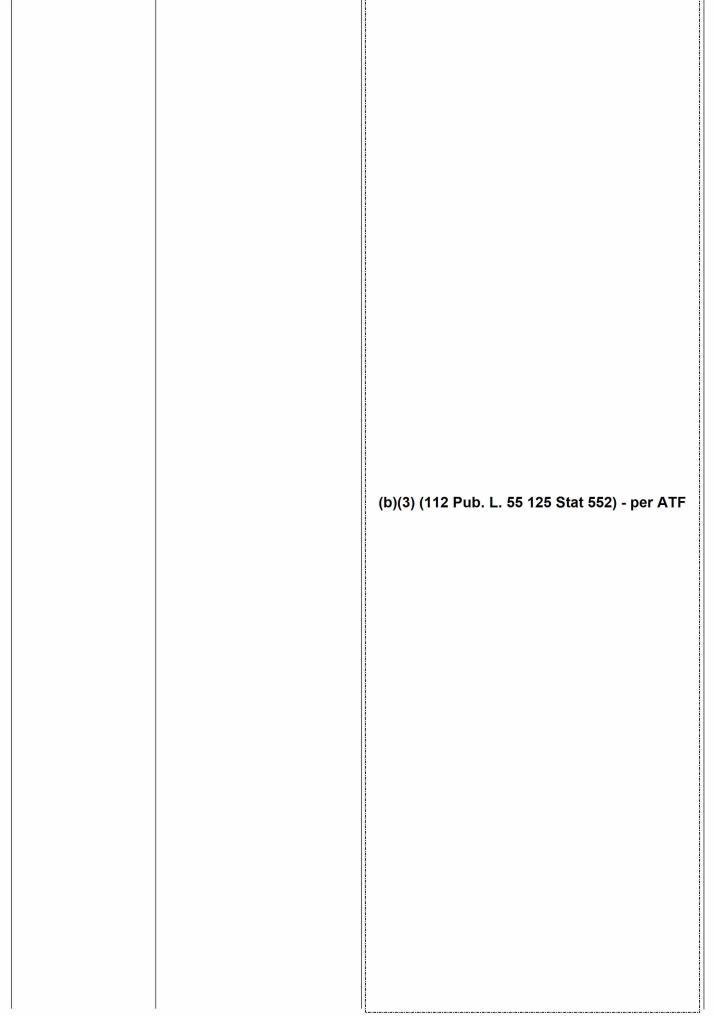
Total Number of ATF F 4473 Reviewed

_____Total Number of Open Dispositions in A & D Record

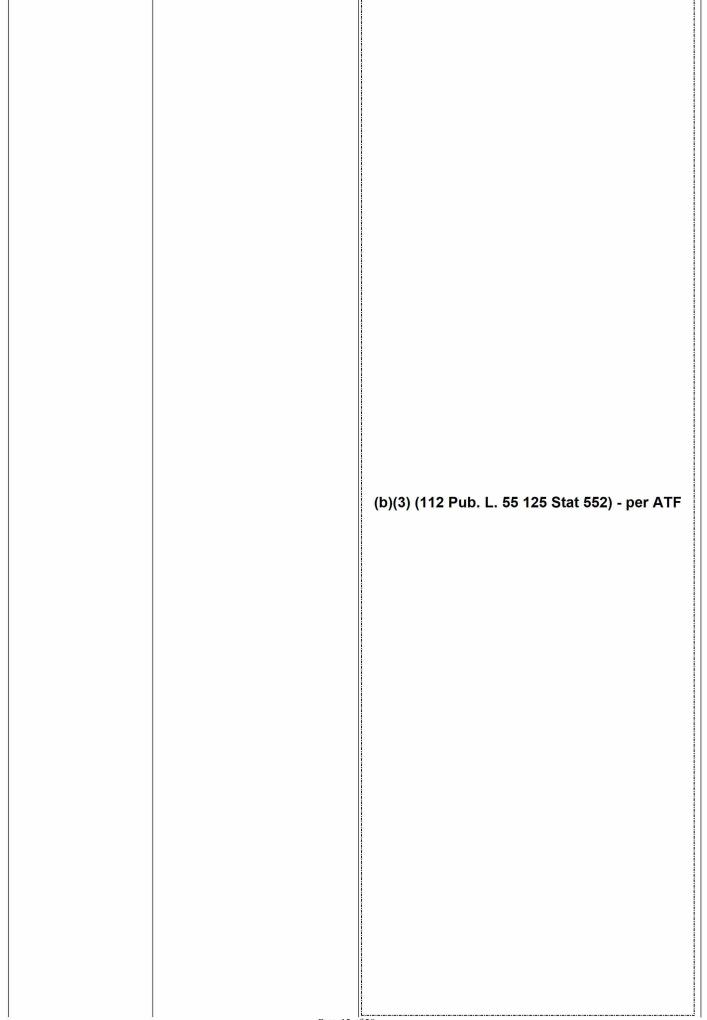
	Total Number of Firearms in Inventory 150	
	Actual Number of Firearms Verified	
	Number of Firearms Missing Before Reconciliation	
	Total Number of Firearms Missing After Reconciliation	
	Total Number of Acquisitions in the Last 12 Months [b](4)	
	Total Number of Dispositions in the Last 12 Months [6)(4)	
	Onsite Start Date	Onsite End Date
	Number of Reported Lost/Stolen Firearms During Inspection Period	
	Total Number of Traces During Inspection Review Period	
	Total Number of Those Traces That Were Unresolved	
	Inspection Period Start Date	Inspection Period End Date
	Number Of Traces Resolved By IOI	Click Here to See List of Perfected Traces
	Number Of Traces Resolved By IOI	Click Here to See List of Perfected Traces
L		Click Here to See List of Perfected Traces
L	AFMER Verified Yes (b)(3)(26 USC § 6103)	
L	AFMER Verified Yes (b)(3)(26 USC § 6103) Additional Comments inventory - failed acquisitions + failed dispositions + missing firearms = total open dispo (b)(3)(112 Public Law 55 128 Stat 552) Attachment(s)	
L	AFMER Verified Yes (b)(3)(26 USC § 6103) Additional Comments inventory - failed acquisitions + failed dispositions + missing firearms = total open dispo [b)(3)(12 Public Law 85 125 Stat 552) Attachment(s) Report of Violations.pdf	
L	AFMER Verified Yes (b)(3)(26 USC § 6103) Additional Comments inventory - failed acquisitions + failed dispositions + missing firearms = total open dispo (b)(3)(122 Public Law 55 126 Stat 552) Attachment(s) Report of Violations.pdf Report of Violations.pdf	
L	AFMER Verified Yes (b)(3)(26 USC § 6103) Additional Comments inventory - failed acquisitions + failed dispositions + missing firearms = total open dispo [b)(3)(112 Public Law 55 125 Stat 552) Attachment(s) Report of Violations.pdf Report of Violations.pdf	
L	AFMER Verified Yes (b)(3)(26 USC § 6103) Additional Comments inventory - failed acquisitions + failed dispositions + missing firearms = total open dispo (b)(3)(112 Public Law 65 126 Stat 652) Attachment(s) Report of Violations.pdf Report of Violations.pdf Report of Violations.pdf Report of Violations.pdf	
L	AFMER Verified Yes (b)(3)(26 USC § 6103) Additional Comments inventory - failed acquisitions + failed dispositions + missing firearms = total open dispo [b)(3)(12 Public Law SS 126 Stat 562) Attachment(s) Report of Violations.pdf	
L	AFMER Verified Yes (b)(3)(26 USC § 6103) Additional Comments inventory - failed acquisitions + failed dispositions + missing firearms = total open dispo [b(s))(112 Public Law 65 126 Stat 552) Attachment(s) Report of Violations.pdf	

0	Regulation	Corrective Actions	Instance Details
1	27 CFR 478.126a: Failure to report multiple sales or other dispositions of pistols and revolvers ATF Forms 4473:	Complete and submit ATF Form 3310.4 (Report of Multiple Sale or Other Disposition of Pistols and Revolvers) for all non-reported multiple sales identified as a result of this inspection. Complete and submit ATF Form 3310.4 (Report of Multiple Sale or Other Disposition of Pistols and Revolvers) by close of the same business day, for all applicable future multiple sales.	(b)(3) (112 Pub. L. 55 125 Stat 552) - per ATF,(b)(6)
2	27 CFR 478.102(c): Failure to initiate a new NICS check after 30-day lapse of initial check ATF Forms 4473: 1 Number of Instances: 1	Execute and accurately record (on an ATF Form 4473) a new NICS/POC background check, after any 30-day expiration of a previously conducted NICS/POC check, on all future over-the-counter firearm transactions.	NICS Violation, (b)(6) \$8/7/2020
3	27 CFR 478.102(a): Failure to complete a NICS/POC background check ATF Forms 4473: 5 Number of Instances: 5	Execute a required NICS/POC background check for all future over-the-counter firearm transactions. Retrieve and accurately record (on an ATF Form 4473) a required final NICS/POC background check response prior to all future over-the-counter firearm transactions.	(b)(3) (112 Pub. L. 55 125 Stat 552) - per ATF,(b)(6)
4	18 U.S.C. 923(g)(5)(A): Failure to timely file required AFMER Number of Instances: 1	Complete and submit required ATF Form 5300.11 (Annual Firearms Manufacturing and Exportation Report).	Failure to sumit AFMER for 2020.
5	27 CFR 478.124(a): Failure to execute an ATF F 4473 ATF Forms 4473: Number of Instances:	Execute and retain a complete and accurate ATF Form 4473 on all future firearm transactions.	(b)(3) (112 Pub. L. 55 125 Stat 552) - per ATF,(b)(6)
6	27 CFR 478.21(a): Failure to complete forms as prescribed ATF Forms 4473: Number of Instances:	Complete all forms as prescribed. Ensure that all ATF Form 4473 items, as required by form headings and instructions, are accurately completed on all future transactions. Ensure that all required ATF Form 4473 Section A items are completed/provided by the transferee/buyer on all future transactions. Ensure that the transferee/buyer provides required signature and date, on ATF Form 4473 Section C, for all transactions taking place on a date different from when Section A was certified. Ensure that the most up-to-date version of the ATF Form 4473 is used for all future over-the-counter transactions.	(b)(3) (112 Pub. L. 55 125 Stat 552) - per ATF,(b)(6)

R			(b)(3) (112 Pub. L. 55 125 Stat 552) - per ATF,(b)(6)
7	27 CFR 478.92(a)(1)(ii)(B): Failure to properly mark firearm (s) with caliber or gauge Number of Instances	Cease and desist transacting firearms until required identification markings are properly engraved, casted, stamped or otherwise conspicuously placed on each firearm.	(b)(3) (112 Pub. L. 55 125 Stat 552) - per ATF,(b)(6)
8	27 CFR 478.92(a)(1)(ii)(C): Failure to properly mark firearm (s) with licensee name Number of Instances:	Cease and desist transacting firearms until required identification markings are properly engraved, casted, stamped or otherwise conspicuously placed on each firearm.	(b)(3) (112 Pub. L. 55 125 Stat 552) - per ATF,(b)(6)
9	27 CFR 478.92(a)(1)(ii)(D): Failure to properly mark firearm (s) with manufacturer city and state Number of Instances:	Cease and desist transacting firearms until required identification markings are properly engraved, casted, stamped or otherwise conspicuously placed on each firearm.	(b)(3) (112 Pub. L. 55 125 Stat 552) - per ATF,(b)(6)
10	27 CFR 478.41(b): Failure to be licensed as a dealer, manufacturer or importer of firearms Number of Instances:	Each person intending to engage in the business as a firearms manufacturer or dealer shall file an application with ATF and receive the license required for such business.	Licensee continued to dispose firearms after discontinuance of the FFL (5-84-02465/expired 4/1/20) and re-issuance of the new FFL (5-84-10387) issued on 4/28/20.
	27 CFR 478.123(d): Failure to maintain an accurate/complete/timely nonlicensee disposition record Number of Instances:	Accurately, completely & timely record all required future firearm disposition information. Complete and submit ATF Form 3310.11 - Firearms Inventory Theft/Loss Report. Amend/Update A&D Record to accurately record all required firearm disposition information. Amend/Update consolidated A&D record to conform with conditions set forth under ATF Ruling 2016-3.	(b)(3) (112 Pub. L. 55 125 Stat 552) - per ATF



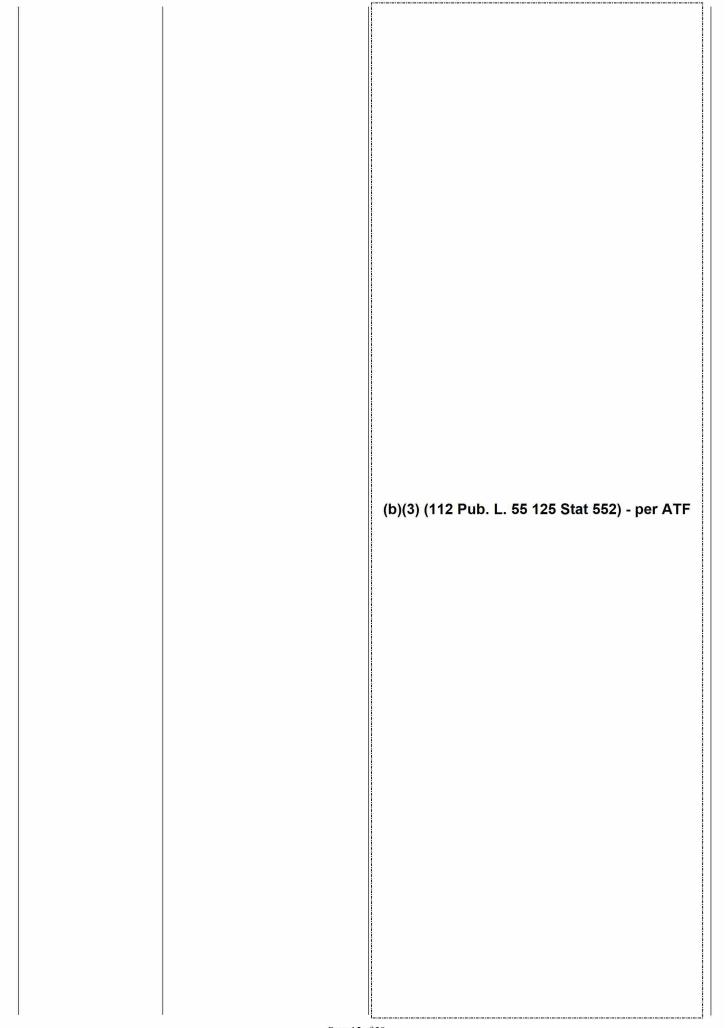
11		(b)(3) (112 Pub. L. 55 125 Stat 552) - per ATF



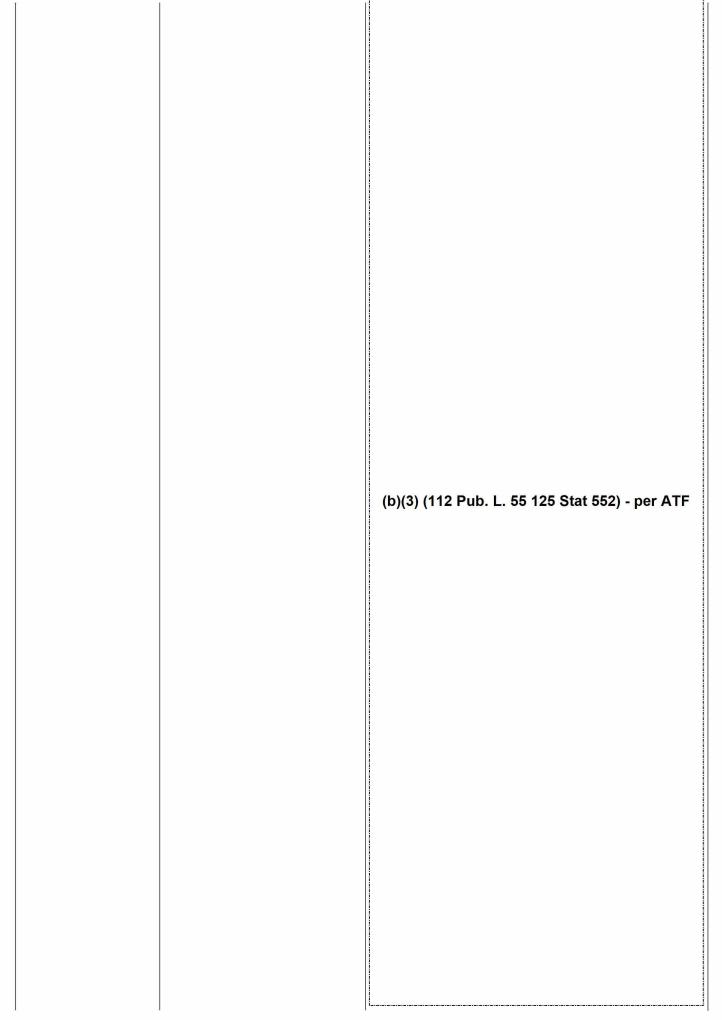
		(b)(3) (112 Pub. L. 55 125 Stat 552) - per ATF
27 CFR 478.123(b): Failure to maintain an accurate/complete/timely licensee disposition record Number of Instances:	Accurately, completely & timely record all required future firearm disposition information. Amend/Update consolidated A&D record to conform with conditions set forth under ATF Ruling 2016-3.	(b)(3) (112 Pub. L. 55 125 Stat 552) - per ATF
	maintain an accurate/complete/timely licensee disposition record Number of Instances:	maintain an accurate/complete/timely licensee disposition record required future firearm disposition information. Amend/Update consolidated A&D record to conform with conditions set forth under ATF Ruling 2016-3.

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		(b)(3) (112 Public Law 55 125 Stat 552)
27 CFR 478.123(a): Failure to maintain an accurate/complete/timely manufacture or acquisition record Number of Instances:	Accurately, completely & timely record all required future firearm acquisition information. Amend/Update A&D Record to accurately record all required firearm acquisition information. Amend/Update consolidated A&D record to conform with conditions set forth under ATF Ruling 2016-3. Create A&D Record from all available sources of record (i.e. invoices, work/claim tags, receipts, etc).	(b)(3) (112 Pub. L. 55 125 Stat 552) - per ATF



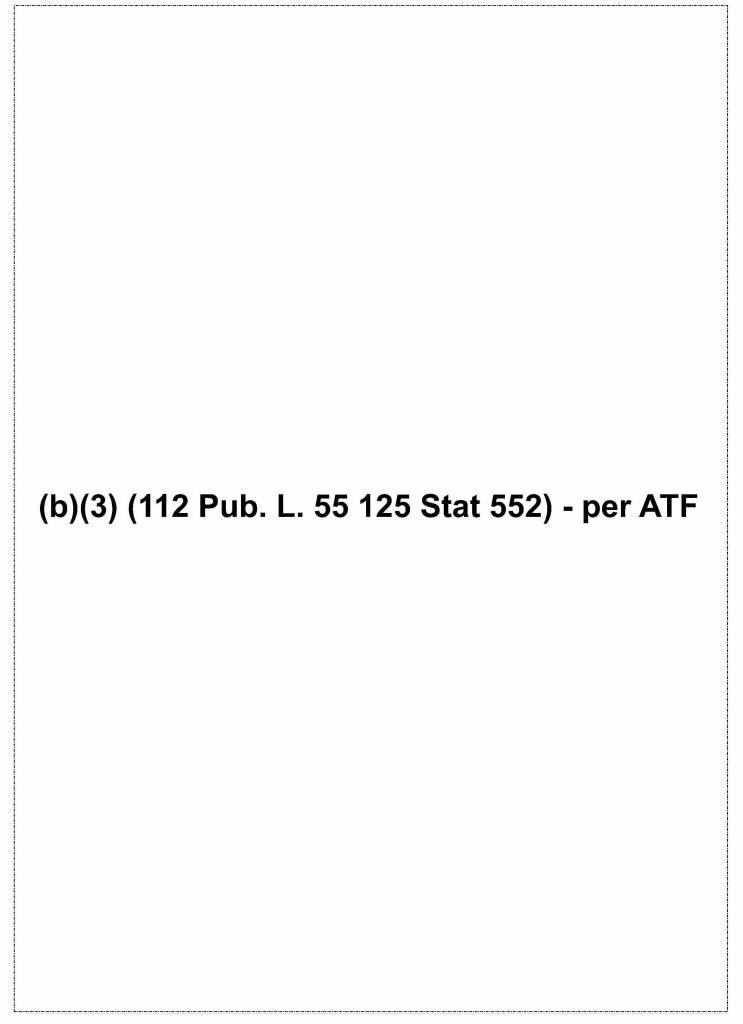
13		(b)(3) (112 Pub. L. 55 125 Stat 552) - per ATF	



			(b)(3) (112 Pub. L. 55 125 Stat 552) - per ATF
14	27 CFR 478.124(c)(4): Failure to record firearm information on an ATF F 4473 ATF Forms 4473: Number of Instances:	Execute and retain a complete and accurate ATF Form 4473 on all future firearm transactions. Ensure that all required firearm identification information is obtained and accurately recorded on all future ATF Forms 4473, Section D. Ensure that the required transferor/seller signature and date of transfer is obtained and accurately recorded on all future ATF Forms 4473, Section D.	(b)(3) (112 Pub. L. 55 125 Stat 552) - per ATF,(b)(6)

			(b)(3) (112 Pub. L. 55 125 Stat 552) - per ATF,(b)(6)
15	27 CFR 478.124(c)(3)(iv): Failure to record NICS contact information on an ATF F 4473 ATF Forms 4473: Number of Instances:	Execute and retain a complete and accurate ATF Form 4473 on all future firearm transactions. Ensure that all required transferee/buyer identification information is obtained and accurately recorded on all future ATF Forms 4473, Section B. Execute a required NICS/POC background check for all future over-the-counter firearm transactions. Ensure that all required NICS/POC background check information is obtained and accurately recorded on all future ATF Forms 4473, Section B.	(b)(3) (112 Pub. L. 55 125 Stat 552) - per ATF,(b)(6)
16	27 CFR 478.124(c)(1): Failure to obtain a completed ATF F 4473 ATF Forms 4473 Number of Instances:	Ensure that all required ATF Form 4473 Section A items are completed/provided by the transferee/buyer on all future transactions. Ensure that the transferee/buyer provides required signature and date, on ATF Form 4473 Section C, for all transactions taking place on a date different from when Section A was certified. Execute and retain a complete and accurate ATF Form 4473 on all future firearm transactions.	(b)(3) (112 Pub. L. 55 125 Stat 552) - per ATF,(b)(6)
17	27 CFR 478.124(c)(3)(i): Failure to verify or record Identification document on ATF F 4473 ATF Forms 4473 Number of Instances:	Execute and retain a complete and accurate ATF Form 4473 on all future firearm transactions. Ensure that all required transferee/buyer identification information is obtained and accurately recorded on all future ATF Forms 4473, Section B. Ensure that all required NICS/POC background check information is obtained and accurately recorded on all future ATF Forms 4473, Section B. Ensure that all required NICS alternative permit information is obtained and accurately recorded on all future ATF Forms 4473, Section B.	(b)(3) (112 Pub. L. 55 125 Stat 552) - per ATF,(b)(6)

18	27 CFR 478.124(c)(5): Failure by transferor to sign and/or date an ATF F 4473 ATF Forms 4473:	Execute and retain a complete and accurate ATF Form 4473 on all future firearm transactions. Ensure that the required transferor/seller signature and date of transfer is obtained, validated and accurately recorded on all future ATF Forms 4473, Section D.	(b)(3) (112 Pub. L. 55	125 Stat 552) - per ATF,(b)(6)
TH	EFT/LOSS REPORT			
	Acquisition Date Type	Manufacturer	Importer Mode	el Caliber/Gauge Serial Number
	(b)(3) (112	2 Pub. L. 55 12	25 Stat 55	2) - per ATF





LICENSEE RESPONSE REPORT

	Regulation	Corrective Actions	Licensee Response	Status Details
Ü	27 CFR 478.126a: Failure to report multiple sales or other dispositions of pistols and revolvers ATF Forms 4473: [] Number of Instances: []	Complete and submit ATF Form 3310.4 (Report of Multiple Sale or Other Disposition of Pistols and Revolvers) for all non-reported multiple sales identified as a result of this inspection. Complete and submit ATF Form 3310.4 (Report of Multiple Sale or Other Disposition of Pistols and Revolvers) by close of the same business day, for all applicable future multiple sales.	Licensee admitted the multiple sale reports weren't done and added (regarding ROV), "It was a lot of stuff".	Status Correction Verified Verified Method In Person Date Correction Verified 09/29/2021
	27 CFR 478.102(c): Failure to initiate a new NICS check after 30-day lapse of initial check ATF Forms 4473 \[\] Number of Instances: \[\]	Execute and accurately record (on an ATF Form 4473) a new NICS/POC background check, after any 30-day expiration of a previously conducted NICS/POC check, on all future over-the-counter firearm transactions.	Licensee remembered/knows buyers on multiple sales that didn't have a NICS check.	Status Licensee Notified Verified Method In Person Date Licensee Notified 09/29/2021
	27 CFR 478.102(a): Failure to complete a NICS/POC background check ATF Forms 4473:	Execute a required NICS/POC background check for all future over-the-counter firearm transactions. Retrieve and accurately record (on an ATF Form 4473) a required final NICS/POC background check response prior to all future over-the-counter firearm transactions. Page 22 of 28	Licensee remembered/knows buyers on multiple sales that didn't have a NICS check.	Status Licensee Notified Verified Method In Person

3	Number of Instances:			Date Licensee Notified 09/29/2021
4	18 U.S.C. 923(g)(5)(A): Failure to timely file required AFMER Number of Instances: 1	Complete and submit required ATF Form 5300.11 (Annual Firearms Manufacturing and Exportation Report).	Licensee stated, "I swear I remember sending that in".	Status Correction Verified Verified Method In Person Date Correction Verified 09/29/2021
5	27 CFR 478.124(a): Failure to execute an ATF F 4473 ATF Forms 4473: Number of Instances:	Execute and retain a complete and accurate ATF Form 4473 on all future firearm transactions.	Licensee stated he didn't know the 4473 form had to be completed for NFA transfers.	Status Licensee Notified Verified Method In Person Date Licensee Notified 09/29/2021
6	27 CFR 478.21(a): Failure to complete forms as prescribed ATF Forms 4473: [_] Number of Instances: []	Complete all forms as prescribed. Ensure that all ATF Form 4473 items, as required by form headings and instructions, are accurately completed on all future transactions. Ensure that all required ATF Form 4473 Section A items are completed/provided by the transferee/buyer on all future transactions. Ensure that the transferee/buyer provides required signature and date, on ATF Form 4473 Section C, for all transactions taking place on a date different from when Section A was certified. Ensure that the most up-to-date version of the ATF Form 4473 is used for all future over-the-counter transactions.	Licensee stated he didn't see issues with store employee until he left. Licensee admitted he reviewed ten forms and found 190 violations. Licensee stated it's hard to "hire people that are any good". License stated he has a training program for new employees. Licensee stated, "this (ROV) is nice. I was expecting to be more or worse. There's probably 10,000 violations". Licensee further stated, "when I reviewed ten forms, I found 18-19 violations per form. 190 violations in 10 forms".	Status Licensee Notified Verified Method In Person Date Licensee Notified 09/29/2021
7	27 CFR 478.92(a)(1)(ii)(B): Failure to properly mark firearm(s) with caliber or gauge Number of Instances	Cease and desist transacting firearms until required identification markings are properly engraved, casted, stamped or otherwise conspicuously placed on each firearm.	Licensee reports he is now sending barrels for assembled firearms to an engraver for the required additional markings.	Status Licensee Notified Verified Method In Person Date Licensee Notified 09/29/2021
8	27 CFR 478.92(a)(1)(ii)(C): Failure to properly mark firearm(s) with licensee name Number of Instances:	Cease and desist transacting firearms until required identification markings are properly engraved, casted, stamped or otherwise conspicuously placed on each firearm.	Licensee reports he is now sending barrels for assembled firearms to an engraver for the required additional markings.	Status Licensee Notified Verified Method In Person Date Licensee Notified 09/29/2021
9	27 CFR 478.92(a)(1)(ii)(D): Failure to properly mark firearm(s) with manufacturer city and state Number of Instances:	Cease and desist transacting firearms until required identification markings are properly engraved, casted, stamped or otherwise conspicuously placed on each firearm.	Licensee reports he is now sending barrels for assembled firearms to an engraver for the required additional markings.	Status Licensee Notified Verified Method In Person Date Licensee Notified 09/29/2021
8		Page 23 of 28	ı	Į.

			1	
10	27 CFR 478.41(b): Failure to be licensed as a dealer, manufacturer or importer of firearms Number of Instances:	Each person intending to engage in the business as a firearms manufacturer or dealer shall file an application with ATF and receive the license required for such business.	Licensee stated they ran background checks until told they had an expired license. Licensee stated they were told by CBI they had a 30 day grace period. Licensee stated he sent the renewal in a month before expiration, called licensing center and was told "they received it, but it wasn't processed yet". Licensee stated he didn't know what that meant.	Status Correction Verified Verified Method In Person Date Correction Verified 09/29/2021
11	27 CFR 478.123(d): Failure to maintain an accurate/complete/timely nonlicensee disposition record Number of Instances:	Accurately, completely & timely record all required future firearm disposition information. Complete and submit ATF Form 3310.11 - Firearms Inventory Theft/Loss Report. Amend/Update A&D Record to accurately record all required firearm disposition information. Amend/Update consolidated A&D record to conform with conditions set forth under ATF Ruling 2016-3.	Regarding the missing inventory, the licensee stated the "majority is paperwork issue, maybe one or two guns are missing". Licensee stated the errors are the "work of one person ([0)(6))". As a result of the violations, the licensee reports implementing a new filing system and reviews forms and bound books multiple times a day. Licensee reports using a new POS system which allows for more time at the end of the day for doubling checking records. Licensee stated he is now the only person handling the NFA transfers and paperwork. Licensee admitted he "assumed everything was good", but now requires his employees show proof the work was done.	Status Correction Verified Verified Method In Person Date Correction Verified 09/29/2021
12	27 CFR 478.123(b): Failure to maintain an accurate/complete/timely licensee disposition record Number of Instances:	Accurately, completely & timely record all required future firearm disposition information. Amend/Update consolidated A&D record to conform with conditions set forth under ATF Ruling 2016-3.	Regarding the missing inventory, the licensee stated the "majority is paperwork issue, maybe one or two guns are missing". Licensee stated the errors are the "work of one person ([bi(6])". Licensee stated he was unaware of the requirement to record a second line entry for assembled/manufactured firearms.	Status Correction Verified Verified Method In Person Date Correction Verified 09/29/2021
13	27 CFR 478.123(a): Failure to maintain an accurate/complete/timely manufacture or acquisition record Number of Instances:	Accurately, completely & timely record all required future firearm acquisition information. Amend/Update A&D Record to accurately record all required firearm acquisition information. Amend/Update consolidated A&D record to conform with conditions set forth under ATF Ruling 2016-3. Create A&D Record from all available sources of record (i.e. invoices, work/claim tags, receipts, etc).	Regarding the missing inventory, the licensee stated the "majority is paperwork issue, maybe one or two guns are missing". Licensee stated the errors are the "work of one person ([[5][6]])". Licensee stated he was unaware of the requirement to record a second line entry for assembled/manufactured firearms.	Status Correction Verified Verified Method In Person Date Correction Verified 09/29/2021
14	27 CFR 478.124(c)(4): Failure to record firearm information on an ATF F 4473 ATF Forms 4473: [-] Number of Instances: [-]	Execute and retain a complete and accurate ATF Form 4473 on all future firearm transactions. Ensure that all required firearm identification information is obtained and accurately recorded on all future ATF Forms 4473, Section D. Ensure that the required transferor/seller signature and date of transfer is obtained and accurately recorded on all future ATF Forms 4473, Section D.	Licensee stated he didn't see issues with store employee until he left. Licensee admitted he reviewed ten forms and found	Status Licensee Notified Verified Method In Person Date Licensee Notified 09/29/2021
15	27 CFR 478.124(c)(3)(iv): Failure to record NICS contact information on an ATF F 4473 ATF Forms 4473:	Execute and retain a complete and accurate ATF Form 4473 on all future firearm transactions. Ensure that all required transferee/buyer identification information is obtained and accurately recorded on all future ATF Forms 4473, Section B. Execute a required NICS/POC background check for all future over-the-counter firearm transactions. Ensure that all required NICS/POC background check information is obtained and accurately recorded on all future ATF Forms 4473, Section B.	Licensee stated he didn't see issues with store employee until he left. Licensee admitted he reviewed ten forms and found——violations. Licensee stated it's hard to "hire people that are any good". Licensee stated he has a training program for new employees.	Status Licensee Notified Verified Method In Person Date Licensee Notified 09/29/2021

16	obtain a completed ATF F 4473 ATF Forms 4473: Number of Instances:	completed/provided by the transferee/buyer on all future transactions. Ensure that the transferee/buyer provides required signature and date, on ATF Form 4473 Section C, for all transactions taking place on a date different from when Section A was certified. Execute and retain a complete and accurate ATF Form 4473 on all future firearm transactions.	with store employee until he left. Licensee admitted he reviewed ten forms and found———itolations. Licensee stated it's hard to "hire people that are any good". Licensee stated he has a training program for new employees.	Licensee Notified Verified Method In Person Date Licensee Notified 09/29/2021	
17	27 CFR 478.124(c)(3)(i): Failure to verify or record Identification document on ATF F 4473 ATF Forms 4473:	Execute and retain a complete and accurate ATF Form 4473 on all future firearm transactions. Ensure that all required transferee/buyer identification information is obtained and accurately recorded on all future ATF Forms 4473, Section B. Ensure that all required NICS/POC background check information is obtained and accurately recorded on all future ATF Forms 4473, Section B. Ensure that all required NICS alternative permit information is obtained and accurately recorded on all future ATF Forms 4473, Section B.	Licensee stated he didn't see issues with store employee until he left. Licensee admitted he reviewed ten forms and found in it is included in the left. Licensee stated it's hard to "hire people that are any good". Licensee stated he has a training program for new employees.	Status Licensee Notified Verified Method In Person Date Licensee Notified 09/29/2021	
18	27 CFR 478.124(c)(5): Failure by transferor to sign and/or date an ATF F 4473 ATF Forms 4473 Number of Instances:	Execute and retain a complete and accurate ATF Form 4473 on all future firearm transactions. Ensure that the required transferor/seller signature and date of transfer is obtained, validated and accurately recorded on all future ATF Forms 4473, Section D.	Licensee stated he didn't see issues with store employee until he left. Licensee admitted he reviewed ten forms and found inviolations. Licensee stated it's hard to "hire people that are any good". License stated he has a training program for new employees.	Status Licensee Notified Verified Method In Person Date Licensee Notified 09/29/2021	
CI	OSING CONFERENCE				
	6/2021)				
Closing Conference Additional Notes On July 13, 2021, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives (ATF) Industry Operations Investigators (b)(6) initiated the onsite portion of a limited compliance inspection for Colorado Shooting Sports LLC, following the issuance of a Type 07 license on April 28, 2020. Colorado Shooting Sports previously operated under FFL 5-84-02465 but failed to timely renew. Initially, the inspection focused on an educational emphasis following an initial telephonic qualification inspection; however, resulted in a full scope compliance inspection due to numerous record keeping and inventory errors. The inspection covered the period of April 28, 2020 through July 13, 2021. During the inspection, Investigator (b)(6) interviewed (b)(6) (member and responsible person) and (c)(6) (store manager). The inspection concluded on September 29, 2021.					
(b)(3)(26 Sportinsp	Colorado Shooting Sports has operated as a Type 07 – Manufacturer of Firearms since 2008. Colorado Shooting Sports manufactures, buys and sells new and used firearms, as well as [Disputation of the general public.] The licensee is a low volume manufacturer that assembles AR type firearms for retail sale. The licensee may attend gunshows. Colorado Shooting Sports utilizes a website (www.coloradoshootingsportsstore.com) to sell firearms, equipment and accessories. Additionally, the licensee provides firearms training classes. During the inspection period, the licensee acquired approximately [Disputation of approximately [Disputati				
Inve	stigator [(b)(6)] deemed the Type 07 license	appropriate for the licensee's business operations. The licensee's business	siness operations do not require any addition	nal ATF licenses/permits.	
Inve	stigator (10)(9) conducted computerized cr	minal history checks on the responsible person and store manager ((b)(6)) with no prohibiting factors	found.	
	re have been no unreported changes in ow ected.	nership, control, or business structure. There were no additional response	onsible persons added to the license. Hidden	ownership is not	
insp	From July 12-13, 2021, Investigators (b)(6) conducted a review of ATF Forms 4473 and an inventory reconciliation. Investigators reviewed iATF Forms 4473 for the inspection period. There were firearms in inventory. The licensee's A&D record revealed open dispositions. A theft/loss report involving firearms was submitted as a result of this inspection (b)(6) queried the reported theft/loss firearms through eTrace with no additional traces were identified.				
time info	Investigator [b)(6)] reviewed the licensee's A&D records to verify whether they contained the required information, determine if the information was accurate, and whether entries were timely made. Additionally, Investigator [b)(6) discovered a folder marked "Not Found in Books" containing completed ATF Forms 4473. When questioned, Mr. Navarro stated the information on the forms had probably not been entered into the bound book. Investigator [b)(6) advised the licensee to record the acquisition and disposition information of each firearm recorded on the forms into the bound book. The licensee was cited with the following bound book violations:				
27 CFR 478.123(a) – licensee failed to maintain an accurate/complete/timely manufacture or acquisition record in [instances.					
27 (27 CFR 478.123(b) – licensee failed to maintain and an accurate/complete/timely disposition record to a licensee in instances.				
	27 CFR 478.123(d) – licensee failed to maintain and an accurate/complete/timely disposition record to a non-licensee ininstances.				
A query of the CBI/NICS system revealed transactions. Investigators (b)(6) verified 100 CBI/NICS transactions to the FFL Audit Log with no discrepancies found.					
chec	Investigator [b)(6) identifiedATF Form 4473 in which the licensee transferred a firearm without running a second NICS check after the 30 day expiration of the original NICS check. The licensee was cited with 27 CFR 478.102(c) – failure to initiate a new NICS check after 30 day lapse of the initial check ininstance. Investigator				
– fai	Investigator [10](6) identified five ATF Forms 4473 in which the licensee failed to conduct a NICS check before transferring the firearm. The licensee was cited with 27 CFR 478.102(a) – failure to complete a NICS/POC background check in five instances. Investigator [10](6) conducted computerized criminal history checks on the five identified transferees with no prohibiting factors found.				

Ensure that all required ATF Form 4473 Section A items are

Licensee stated he didn't see issues

with store employee until he left.

Status

Licensee Notified

27 CFR 478.124(c)(1): Failure to

obtain a completed ATF F 4473

(b)(6) conducted computerized criminal history checks on thirteen suspicious purchasers with no prohibiting factors found. No referrals were generated as a result of this inspection.
For the inspection period, the Violent Crime Analysis Branch (VCAB) reports the licensee was associated with zero multiple sales. The licensee has been subject to since receiving the licensee. Investigator [th/6] identified a number of unreported multiple sales for the inspection period. The licensee was cited with violating 27 CFR 478.126(a) – failure to report multiple sales or other dispositions of pistols and revolvers in instances involving instances involving instances.
Investigator [IDIG] identified a number of firearm transfers conducted between the time the previous license expired and before the issuance of the new license. The licensee was cited with violating 27 CFR 478.41(b) – failure to be licensed as a dealer, manufacturer, or importer of firearms.
Investigators (b)(6) and [b)(6) and [b)(6) and [b)(6) assembled firearms in the licensee's inventory with no corresponding record of manufacture or the required additional markings. The licensee's acquisition records showed the firearms coming into their inventory as receivers. The licensee was cited with violating 27 CFR 478.92 - failure to properly mark firearms with manufacturer name, city, state and caliber in
Investigator [b)(6) discovered the licensee failed to submit the Annual Firearms Manufacturing Report (AFMER) for the 2020 calendar year. The licensee was cited with violating 18 USC 923(g)(5)(A) – failure to timely file required AFMER.
Investigator (b)(6) identified firearm's transfer in which the licensee failed to execute ATF Form 4473. The licensee was cited with violating 27 CFR 478.124 – failure to execute ATF Form 4473 in instance.
Investigators (b)(6) identified a number of handguns on premises but not in the A&D record. When questioned, Mr. Navarro stated they were his personal collection used for the firearm's training courses. Investigator (b)(9) advised the licensee to enter the firearms into the A&D record since they are used during the course of his normal business operations.
The licensee has been subject to four compliance inspections since issuance of the original license in 2008. During this time, the licensee has been cited for repeat record keeping violations resulting in numerous instances of incomplete/untimely/failed entries in the acquisition and disposition record. The licensee has been counseled on a number of occasions (i.e. report of violations, warning letters, and a warning conference) with no improvement in their record keeping practices. A theft/loss report involving firearms was submitted as a result of the current inspection. The recommended administrative action is revocation since previous administrative actions have proven unsuccessful.
Inspection History:
December 6, 2016 – Recall Disposition Emphasis (DE) Compliance Inspection 788070-2017-0016-B1B 5-84-123-07-7D-02465 Violations ROV Only and No Recall Inspection 27 CFR 478.123(d) (REPEAT VIOLATION CITED ON MAY 15, 2015) - failure to record the disposition of each individual firearm to a non-licensee in the Acquisition and Disposition Record in instances.
April15, 2015 – DE Compliance Inspection 788070-2015-0115-B1B 5-84-123-07-7D-02465 Violations. Warning Conference and Recall Inspection. 27 CFR 478.123(d) (REPEAT VIOLATION CITED SEPTEMBER 23, 2009) - failure to properly record acquisition and disposition information in the required record on cocasions. 27 CFR 478.99(c) (REPEAT VIOLATION CITED February 28, 2011) - transfer of a firearm to an individual when the licensee knew or had reasonable cause to believe the transferee was prohibited on cocasions. The licensee transferred firearms to individuals who answered yes to prohibiting questions on the ATF Form 4473, including: yes to item 11.b., regarding indictment for a felony; yes to item 11.c., regarding conviction for a felony; and yes to item 11.k., regarding being an alien illegally in the United States.
27 CFR 478.12(a) (REPEAT VIOLATION CITED SEPTEMBER 23, 2009) - failure to complete ATF Forms 4473 as indicated by the headings on the form, and the instructions on or pertaining to the form. 27 CFR 478.124(c)(1) (REPEAT VIOLATION CITED SEPTEMBER 23, 2009) - failure to obtain, on ATF Forms 4473, all of the required identifying information of the transferee or a signed certification that the transferee is not prohibited from acquiring a firearm, prior to transferring a firearm. 27 CFR 478.124(c)(3)(iv) (REPEAT VIOLATION CITED SEPTEMBER 23, 2009) - failure to record, on ATF Forms 4473, the date on which the licensee contacted the Colorado Bureau of Investigation Instant Background Check, as well as any response provided by the system. 27 CFR 478.124(c)(4) (REPEAT VIOLATION CITED SEPTEMBER 23, 2009) - on ATF Forms 4473, the licensee failed to record the firearms manufacturer on item 26. 27 CFR 478.124(c)(5) (REPEAT VIOLATION CITED SEPTEMBER 23, 2009) - failure to sign and date ATF Forms 4473, if the licensee does not know or have reasonable cause to believe that the transferee is disqualified by law from receiving the firearm. 27 CFR 478.50 - failure to obtain a separate license for each location at which firearms business activities are conducted. The licensee conducted business activities away from the premises by gunsmithing off-site, other than making immediate repairs. 27 CFR 479.84 - failure of the licensee to receive an approved (b) (a) (b) (3) (26 USC § 6103)
27 CFR 479.84 - failure of the licensee to receive an approved (b)(3)(26 USC § 6103)
February 28, 2011 – Full Scope Recall Inspection 788020-2011-0302-B1B 5-84-123-07-7D-02465 Violations. Warning Letter and No Recall Inspection 27 CFR 478.126a (REPEAT VIOLATION CITED SEPTEMBER 23, 2009) – failure to complete and submit ATF Form 3310.4, Report of Multiple Sales or Other Disposition of Pistols and Revolvers on cocasions. 27 CFR 478.99(c) – failure to stop a transaction after receiving information that a customer was prohibited on cocasion. The transferee checked yes on item 11c, stating he was a convicted felon.
(b)(6), (b)(7)(E)
September 21, 2009 – Firearms Compliance Inspection 788020-2009-0625-BIB 5-84-123-07-7D-02465 Violations. Warning Letter and Recall. 27 CFR 478.21(a) - failure to obtain and record all information called for in each form as indicated by the headings on the form and the instructions on or pertaining to the form on ATF Forms 4473. 27 CFR 478.124(c)(3)(i) - failure to obtain all of the transferee's required information on ATF Forms 4473. 27 CFR 478.124(c)(3)(ii) - failure to record the type of identification used by the transferee on ATF Form 4473. 27 CFR 478.124(c)(3)(ii) - failure to record documentation establishing that the transferee, who is an alien legally in the United States, has resided in the State in which the licensee's business premise is located for 90 days continuously on ATF Forms 4473. 27 CFR 478.124(c)(3)(iv) - failure to record the date on which the Colorado Bureau of Investigation (CBI) was contacted, the response provided by CBI, and the transaction number given on ATF Forms 4473.27 CFR 478.124(c)(4) - failure to identify the firearm to be transferred by recording the name of the manufacturer, the type, model, caliber or gauge, and the serial number on ATF Forms 4473.27 CFR 478.124(c)(5) -failure to sign and date as the transferrol ATF Forms 4473. 27 CFR 478.124(c)(3)(iii) - failure to obtain and record documentation of a transferee, who is a nonimmigrant alien, an exception or waiver from the nonimmigrant alien prohibition Page 26 of 28

and proof of 90 days continuous residency within this State on ATF Form 4473. 27 CFR 478.126a - failure to complete and submit ATF Form 3310.4-Report of Multiple Sale or Other Disposition of Pistols and Revolvers following the sale of two or more handguns to an unlicensed person within five consecutive business days on instances. 27 CFR 478.125(e) - failure to accurately maintain an acquisition and disposition book. In instances the licensee failed to record the firearm disposition. In instances the licensee failed to record the Federal Firearms License (FFL) number or address of whom the firearm was received from in the A&D Book. In instances the licensee failed to record the address of whom the firearm was transferred to in the A&D Book. In instances the licensee failed to record the correct firearm Type in the A&D Book.				
March 13, 2008 – Application Inspection 788020-2008-0265-B1B 5-84-123-07-0G-0246 Issuance of a Type 07 FFL				
The company's previous Type 01 dealer license had one compliance instead no inspection activities were conducted. Prior to that, the dealer license was	pection concurrent with the 2009 manufacturer license inspection, but the licensee surrendered the license and was subject to a qualification inspection.			
On September 29, 2021, Investigator (b)(6) reviewed and signed the Ack	nowledgement of Federal Firearms Regulations, ATF Forms and record keeping requirements with the			
licensee.	and proper completion of ATF Forms 4473, ATF Form 3310.4 – Report of Multiple Sale, ATF Form 3310.11 -			
	naintained separate from personal firearms. Additionally, the licensee understands the requirement to execute in the business inventory to a personal collection. The applicant was advised of the process for disposing of inse.			
The licensee maintains a handwritten A&D record for retailed, manufact and record keeping requirements for manufactured firearms. Investigator Exportation Report (AFMER).	ured, and repaired firearms. Investigator (b)(6) discussed the regulatory requirements pertaining to the marking (b)(6) xplained and ensured the licensee submits ATF Form 5300.11 – Annual Manufacturing and			
Attachment(s)				
Attendee(s)				
ANTHONY NAVARRO				
FYHIRITS				
EXHIBITS Inspection				
EXHIBITS Inspection				
Inspection	Att about Name			
Inspection Category	Attachment Name Spartan Notification RF: 5-84-10387 Inspection Results			
Inspection Category Correspondence	Spartan Notification RE: 5-84-10387 Inspection Results			
Category Correspondence Correspondence	Spartan Notification RE: 5-84-10387 Inspection Results Spartan Notification RE: 5-84-10387 Monitored Case			
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ViolationsPDF Report of Violations.pdf

Licensee Response To Violations PDFLicensee Response to Violations Report.pdf

Spartan Notification RE: 5-84-10387 Monitored Case Correspondence

ClosingConferenceSummary Acknowledgment of Regulations.pdf

ViolationsPDF Report of Violations.pdf ViolationsPDF Report of Violations.pdf ViolationsPDF Report of Violations.pdf (BN3)(112 Public Law 65 126 Stat 592) $\lfloor pdf
vert$ OnSiteSummaryInformation

Property Ownership.pdf PropertyOwnershipVerification lease 2018 (b)(6) .pdf RentalLeaseVerification

Colorado SOS Good Standing.pdf BusinessVerification

Spartan Notification RE: 5-84-10387 Monitored Case Correspondence Spartan Notification RE: 5-84-10387 Monitored Case Correspondence

Fire arm The ft Loss ListFirearm Theft Loss List.pdf

U.S. Department of Justice Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives

Notice to Revoke or Suspend License and/or Impose a Civil Fine

n the matter of License Number 5-84-123-07-3E-10387	, as a/an			
Manufacturer of Firearms Other Than Destructive Devices				
lame and Address of Licensee (Show number, street, city, State and ZIP Code) Colorado Shooting Sports, LLC 2435 8th Avenue, Unit A Greeley, Colorado 80631				
Notice Is Hereby Given That:				
Pursuant to the statutory provisions and reasons stated in the attached page(s), the Director or his/her designee, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives, intends to take action on the license described above.				
The above identified license may be revoked pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 923(e), 922(t)(5) or 924(p).				
The above identified license may be suspended pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 922(t)(5) or 924(p).				
The above identified licensee may be fined pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 922(t)(5) or 924(p).				
Pursuant to U.S.C. 923(f)(2) and/or 922(t)(5), you may file a request with the Director of Industry Operations, Explosives, at 950 17th Street, Suite 1800, Denver, Colordo 80202 eview the revocation, suspension and/or fine of your license. The request must be received at the above address Where a timely request for a hearing is made, the license shall remain in effect pending the outcome of the hearing enemy will remain in effect provided a timely application for renewal is also filed. The hearing will be held as f you do not request a hearing, or your request for a hearing is not received by ATF on time, a final notice of re	, in duplicate, for a hearing to within 15 days of your receipt of this notice. ng; and if the license is due to expire, the provided in 27 CFR Part 478.			
ivil fine (ATF Form 5300.13) shall be issued. ✓ Please see included brochure	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Y Trease See included proclude				
Date Name and Title of Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives Official	(1.)(0)			
12/13/2021 Paul W. Brown Director, Industry Operations	(b)(6)			
certify that on the date shown below I served the above notice on the person identified below by:				
Certified mail to the address shown below. Tracking Number: 70171070000089870094 Or Delivering a copy of the address shown to the ad				
Date Notice Served Title of Person Serving Notice	(1.)(0)			
12/13/2021 Director, Industry Operations	(b)(6)			
Print Name and Title of Person Served	Signature of Person Served (if applicable)			
Address Where Notice Served	1			

COLORADO SHOOTING SPORTS, LLC 5-84-123-07-3E-10387

Under the provisions of 18 U.S.C. § 923(e) and 27 C.F.R. § 478.73, notice is hereby given that the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives ("ATF") intends to revoke the Federal firearms license held by Colorado Shooting Sports LLC ("Licensee"), as a Manufacturer in Firearms Other Than Destructive Devices. Specifically, the Director, Industry Operations, United States Department of Justice, ATF, Denver Field Division, has reason to believe that the Licensee willfully violated the provisions of the Gun Control Act of 1968, as amended, 18 U.S.C. Chapter 44, and the regulations issued thereunder, 27 C.F.R. Part 478 (collectively "GCA") as described herein.

Compliance History

ATF originally issued a Federal firearms license to Licensee in 2008. ATF subsequently conducted
compliance inspections of Licensee in 2009, 2011, 2015 and 2016. As a result of the 2009 and
2011 inspections, ATF issued warning letters to Licensee. As a result of the 2015 inspection,
Licensee (specifically, owner and responsible person (b)(6) attended a warning
conference with ATF in which violations and proposed corrective actions were reviewed. The 2016
inspection resulted in the issuance of a Report of Violations.

Licensee did not timely renew its original license before it expired in March 2020. ATF issued the current license in April 2020 after Licensee submitted a new application for license.

Current Inspection

On July 13, 2021, ATF Industry Operations Investigator (b)(6) conducted a compliance inspection at Licensee's premises that revealed the following:

- 1. On 5 occasions, Licensee willfully transferred a firearm to an unlicensed person without first contacting the NICS and obtaining a unique identification number before allowing the transfers; and on 1 occasion, Licensee willfully transferred a firearm to an unlicensed person without first contacting the NICS and obtaining a unique identification number as Licensee failed to initiate a new NICS check after 30 days lapse of initial check on instance before allowing the transfer, all in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 922(t) and 27 C.F.R. § 478.102(a). See Appendix ¶ 1.
- 2. Licensee willfully engaged in an activity for which it was not licensed, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 922(a)(1)(A) and 27 C.F.R. § 478.41(b). Specifically, Colorado Shooting Sports LLC continued to engage in the business as a Federal firearms licensee after its license expired in March 2020 and before a new license was issued to it in April 2020. See Appendix ¶ 2.

3.	On occasions, Licensee willfully failed to timely and/or accurately report the sale or other disposition of two or more pistols and/or revolvers during any five consecutive business days to an unlicensed person, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 923(g)(3)(A) and 27 C.F.R. § 478.126a. See Appendix ¶ 3.
4.	On occasions, Licensee willfully failed to obtain/execute the Firearms Transaction Record, ATF Form 4473 as indicated by the headings on the Form and the instructions on or pertaining to the Form, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 922(m) and 27 C.F.R. § 478.21(a). See Appendix ¶ 4.

Appendix

Paragraph 1

Licensee willfully transferred a firearm to an unlicensed person without first contacting the NICS and obtaining a unique identification number before allowing the transfers; and Licensee willfully transferred a firearm to an unlicensed person without first contacting the NICS and obtaining a unique identification number as Licensee failed to initiate a new NICS check after 30 days lapse of initial check before allowing the transfer, all in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 922(t) and 27 C.F.R. § 478.102(a).

#	Date	Transferee	Discrepancy
1	02/10/2021		The licensee failed to complete a NICS/POC background check.
2	08/29/2020		The licensee failed to complete a NICS/POC background check.
3	06/06/2020	(b)(6)	The licensee failed to complete a NICS/POC background check.
4	11/11/2020	(10)(10)	The licensee failed to complete a NICS/POC background check.
5	01/20/2021		The licensee failed to complete a NICS/POC background check.
6	08/07/2020		The licensee failed to initiate a new NICS check after 30-day lapse of initial check.

Paragraph 2

Licensee willfully engaged in an activity for which it was not licensed, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 922(a)(1)(A) and 27 C.F.R. § 478.41(b). Specifically, Colorado Shooting Sports LLC continued to engage in the business as a Federal firearms licensee after its license expired in on April 1, 2020 and before a new license was issued to it on April 28, 2020.

#	Date FFL Expired	Date new FFL Issued	Discrepancy
(b)(3) (112	Public Lav	v 55 125 Stat 552),(b)(6)

Paragraph 3

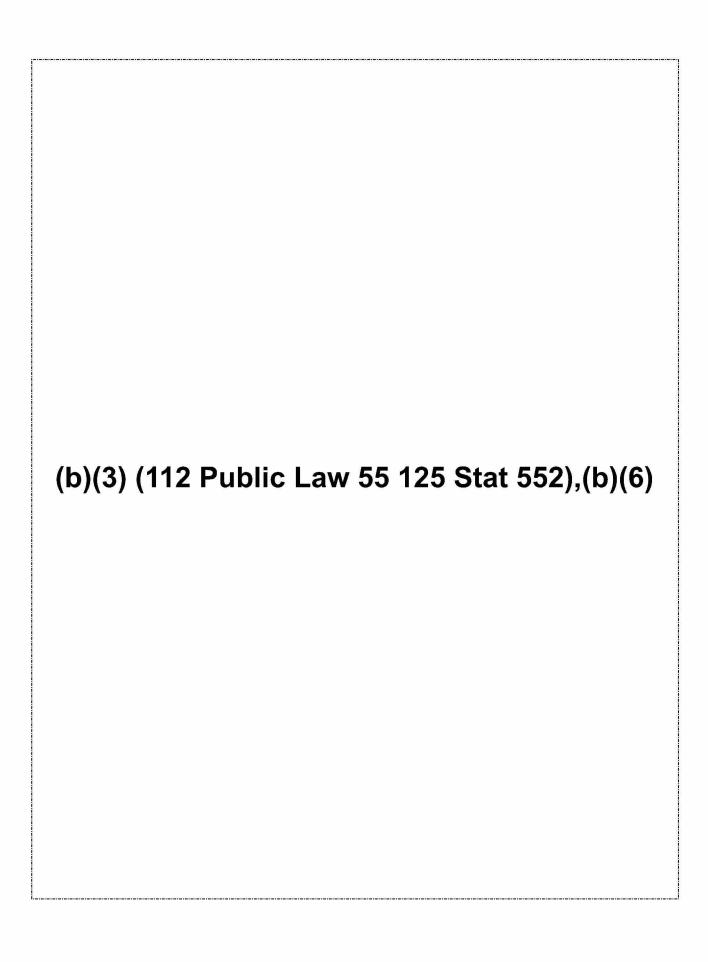
Licensee willfully failed to timely and/or accurately report the sale or other disposition of two or more pistols and/or revolvers during any five consecutive business days to an unlicensed person, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 923(g)(3)(A) and 27 C.F.R. § 478.126a

#	Date	Transferee	Firearms	
.J	<u> </u>		.1	
(1	b)(3) (1	12 Public La	w 55 125 Stat 552),(b)(6)	
•	,,,,			

Paragraph 4

Licensee willfully failed to obtain/execute the Firearms Transaction Record, ATF Form 4473 as indicated by the headings on the Form and the instructions on or pertaining to the Form, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 922(m) and 27 C.F.R. § 478.21(a).

#	Date	Transferee	Discrepancy	
 (b	o)(3) (11	12 Public Lav	v 55 125 Stat 552),(b)(6)	



(b)(3) (112 Public Law 55 125 Stat 552),(b)(6)

U.S. Department of Justice

Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives

Final Notice of Denial of Application, Revocation Suspension and/or Fine of Firearms License

In the matter of:		
The application for license as a/an		filed by:
or		
✓ License Number 5-84-123-07-3E-10387		as a/an
Manufacturer of Firearms Other than Destructive Devices	,	issued to:
Name and Address of Applicant or Licensee (Show number, street, city, state and Zip Code)	,	
Colorado Shooting Sports, LLC		
2435 8th Avenue, Unit A		
Greeley, Colorado 80631		
Notice is Hereby Given That:		
A request for hearing pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 923(f)(2) and/or 922(t)(5) was not timely filed. Based on the find	ings set forth in the attached document.	vour
license described above is revoked pursuant to 18 U.S.C., 923(e), 922(t)(5) or 924(p), effective:	,	,
15 calendar days after receipt of this notice, or,		
license is suspended for calendar days, effective	, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 922(t)((5) or 924(p).
licensee is fined \$, payment due:	, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 922(t)(:	5) or 924(p).
After due consideration following a hearing held pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 923(f)(2) and/or 922(t)(5), and on the findings and conclusions, the Director or his/her designee concludes that your	the basis of findings set out in the attach	ned copy of
application for license described above is denied, pursuant to 18 U.S.C., 923(d).		
application for renewal of license described above is denied pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 923(d), effective:		
15 calendar days after receipt of this notice, or		
license described above is revoked pursuant to 18 U.S.C., 923(e), 922(t)(5) or 924(p), effective:		
15 calendar days after receipt of this notice, or May 31, 2022		
license is suspended for calendar days, effective	, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 922(t)((5) or 924(p).
licensee is fined \$, payment due:	, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 922(t)(:	5) or 924(p).
If, after the hearing and receipt of these findings, you are dissatisfied with this action you may, within 60 da pursuant 18 U.S.C. § 923(f)(3), for judicial review with the U.S. District Court for the district in which you reside or h to continue operations after the effective date of this action while you pursue filing for judicial review or otherwise, you Industry Operations (DIO), Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives, at 950 17th Street, Suite 1800, Denve	ave your principal place of business. If nust request a stay of the action from the	you intend
		,
prior to the effective date of the action set forth above. You may not continue licensed operations unless and	until a stay is granted by the DIO.	
Records prescribed under 27 CFR Part 478 for the license described above shall either be delivered to ATF required to be discontinued or shall be documented to reflect delivery to a successor. See 18 U.S.C. 923(g)		ess is

After the effective date of a license denial of renewal, revocation, or suspension, you may not lawfully engage in the business of dealing in firearms. Any disposition of your firearms business inventory must comply with all applicable laws and regulations. Your local ATF office is able to assist you in understanding and implementing the options available to lawfully dispose of your firearms business inventory.

Date	Name and Title of Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives Official	/h\/6\	
04/11/2022	Paul W. Brown Director, Industry Operations	(b)(6)	
I certify that, on the date below, I served the above notice on the person identified below by:			
		ing a copy of the notice to ress shown below.	
Date Notice Ser 04/11/2022	ved Title of Person Serving Notice Director, Industry Operations	(b)(6)	
Print Name and	Title of Person Served	Signature of Person Served	<u></u>
Address Where	Notice Served		_
(b)(6)	Messner Reeves LLP 1430 Wynkoop Street, Suite 300, Denver, Colorado 80202		

Note: Previous Edition is Obsolete

Page 3 – ATF Form 5300.13, Final Notice of Denial of Application, Revocation, Suspension and/or Fine of Firearms License

Background

Colorado Shooting Sports, LLC, (hereinafter, Licensee), holds Federal firearms license number 5-84-123-07-3E-10387, as a manufacturer of firearms other than destructive devices, issued by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives (ATF) pursuant to the Gun Control Act of 1968 (GCA), as amended, 18 U.S.C. Chapter 44, and the regulations issued thereunder, 27 C.F.R. Part 478.

On December 13, 2021, ATF issued a Notice to Revoke or Suspend License and/or Impose a Civil Fine, ATF Form 4500 (5300.4) (Notice to Revoke), to Licensee. By letter dated December 17, 2021, Licensee timely requested a hearing to review that Notice.

The hearing occurred on March 9, 2022, at the ATF Office in Denver, Colorado. ATF Director,
Industry Operations, Denver Field Division, Paul Brown conducted the hearing. ATF was
represented by ATF Division Counsel (b)(6). ATF Industry Operations Investigator
(IOI) (b)(6) appeared as a witness on behalf of the Government. Licensee's Responsible
Person and owner, Anthony Navarro, was present and testified at the hearing. Licensee
employee (b)(6), and former employee (b)(6) also testified for Licensee.
Licensee was represented by Attorney (b)(6) from the Messner Reeves law firm. Court
Reporter (b)(6) transcribed the hearing. Both the Government and Licensee offered
testimony. The Government submitted 14 exhibits, and Licensee submitted 6 exhibits. The
testimony and exhibits introduced at the hearing constitute the record in this proceeding.

Findings of Fact

Having reviewed the record in this proceeding, I make the following findings:

- Licensee obtained the subject Federal firearms license in 2008. Prior to the issuance of
 the license, ATF initiated an application inspection of Licensee and met with Anthony
 Navarro, the sole Responsible Person for Licensee. At that time, ATF reviewed the
 relevant Federal firearms laws and regulations with Anthony Navarro.
- 2. ATF subsequently conducted compliance inspections of Licensee in 2009, 2011, 2015 and 2016. ATF issued a Report of Violations to Licensee following each of these inspections. As a result of the 2009 and 2011 inspections, ATF issued warning letters to the Licensee. As a result of the 2015 inspection, Licensee (specifically, owner and Responsible Person Anthony Navarro) attended a warning conference with ATF in which violations and proposed corrective actions were reviewed.

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- 3. The Notice to Revoke alleged that:
 - On 5 occasions, Licensee willfully transferred a firearm to an unlicensed person without first contacting the NICS and obtaining a unique identification number before allowing the transfers; and on 1 occasion, Licensee willfully transferred a firearm to an unlicensed person without first contacting the NICS and obtaining a unique identification number as Licensee failed to initiate a new NICS check after 30 days lapse of initial check on instance before allowing the transfer, all in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 922(t) and 27 C.F.R. § 478.102(a).
 - On occasions, Licensee willfully failed to timely and/or accurately report the sale or other disposition of two or more pistols and/or revolvers during any five consecutive business days to an unlicensed person, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 923(g)(3)(A) and 27 C.F.R. § 478.126a.
 - On occasions, Licensee willfully failed to obtain/execute the Firearms Transaction Record, ATF Form 4473 as indicated by the headings on the Form and the instructions on or pertaining to the Form, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 922(m) and 27 C.F.R. § 478.21(a).
- 4. The evidence at the hearing established that on multiple occasions ATF instructed the Licensee, specifically Anthony Navarro, that he could not sell firearms without conducting a background check on all transfers of firearms to non-licensees; that he must report all multiple sales of handguns; and that he must follow the recordkeeping requirements, including insuring that the ATF Form 4473 was properly and completely filled out. The evidence also established that Licensee had been previously cited on multiple occasions for failing to report multiple sales of handguns, and for failing to ensure the ATF Form 4473 was properly and completely filled out. These two violations had also specifically been covered with Anthony Navarro during a previous in-person warning conference with an ATF supervisor in 2015.
- 5. There were no objections or challenges to the exhibits produced at the hearing, and the exhibits in conjunction with the testimony established that the facts as alleged in the Notice to Revoke did occur. Based upon the testimony and documents submitted at the hearing, I find that the facts set forth in the Notice to Revoke occurred.

Conclusions of Law

1. Pursuant to the GCA, ATF may, after notice and opportunity for hearing, revoke a Federal firearms license if the licensee has willfully violated any provision of the GCA or the regulations issued thereunder. 18 U.S.C. § 923(e); 27 C.F.R. § 478.73.

- Page 5 ATF Form 5300.13, Final Notice of Denial of Application, Revocation, Suspension and/or Fine of Firearms License
 - 2. For purposes of the regulatory provisions of the GCA, a "willful" violation occurs when a licensee knows of its legal obligations and either purposefully disregards the requirements or is plainly indifferent to them. *Borchardt Rifle Corp. v. Cook*, 684 F.3d 1037, 1043 (10th Cir. 2012); *General Store, Inc. v. Van Loan*, 560 F.3d 920 (9th Cir. 2009); *Fairmont Cash Mgmt., LLC v. James*, 858 F.3d 356 (5th Cir. 2017); *Taylor v. Hughes*, 548 F. App'x 822 (3rd Cir. 2015); *Shawano Gun & Loan v. Hughes*, 650 F.3d 1070 (7th Cir. 2011); *American Arms, Int'l v. Herbert*, 563 F.3d 78 (4th Cir. 2009); *Armalite, Inc. v. Lambert*, 544 F.3d 644 (6th Cir. 2008); *On Target Sporting Goods, Inc. v. Attorney General*, 472 F.3d 572 (8th Cir. 2007); *Willingham Sports, Inc. v. Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives*, 415 F.3d 1274, 1276 (11th Cir. 2005). See also Bryan v. United States, 524 U.S. 184, 197-98 (1998).

No "bad purpose or evil motive" is required for an act to be willful for regulatory purposes. Article II Gun Shop, Inc. v. Gonzales, 441 F.3d 492, 497-98 (7th Cir. 2006); Willingham, 415 F.3d at 1276-77; Appalachian Res. Dev. Corp. v. McCabe, 387 F.3d 461, 464-65 (6th Cir. 2004); moreover, "[a] single violation of the GCA is a sufficient basis for denying an application or revoking a firearms dealer's license." Appalachian, 387 F.3d at 464; Fulkerson v. Lynch, 261 F.Supp. 3d 779, 783 (W.D. Ky. 2017); Augustson v. Holder, 728 F. Supp. 2d 1279, 1286 (D. N.M. 2010).

A business entity's federal firearms license may be revoked because of willful violations by the business entity's agents and employees. See Fin & Feather Sport Shop, Inc. v. United States Treasury Dep't, 481 F. Supp. 800, 807 (D. Neb. 1979); McLemore v. United States Treasury Dep't, 317 F. Supp. 1077, 1078-79 (N.D. Fla. 1970). See also, Al's Loan Office, Inc. v. United States Dep't of Treasury, 738 F. Supp. 221, 224 (E.D. Mich. 1990).

- 3. Having found that the evidence establishes that Licensee violated the GCA and the regulations issued thereunder, it must now be determined whether such violation was willfully committed. For the reasons stated below, I conclude that Licensee's conduct constitutes a willful violation.
- 4. The evidence and testimony presented at the hearing reveals that ATF informed Licensee's sole Responsible Person, Anthony Navarro, on numerous occasions about the requirements concerning background checks that had to be conducted when transferring a firearm to a non-licensee. He also was informed repeatedly that multiple sale reports had to be filed. Finally, Mr. Navarro was informed that required ATF records had to be filled out and maintained. In this regard, ATF originally issued a Federal firearms license to Licensee in 2008. ATF subsequently conducted compliance inspections of Licensee in 2009, 2011, 2015 and 2016. As a result of the 2009 and 2011 inspections, ATF issued warning letters to Licensee. As a result of the 2015 inspection, Licensee

Page 6 – ATF Form 5300.13, Final Notice of Denial of Application, Revocation, Suspension and/or Fine of Firearms License

(specifically, owner and Responsible Person Anthony Navarro) attended a warning conference with ATF in which violations and proposed corrective actions were reviewed. During inspections in 2008, 2009, 2011, 2015, 2016, and 2020 the GCA regulations applicable to Federal Firearms Licensees were explained by ATF investigators to Licensee Responsible Person Anthony Navarro.

- 5. I find that based upon the record, Licensee knew of its obligations as a Federal firearms licensee and purposefully disregarded or was plainly indifferent to those obligations. As such, I conclude that Licensee willfully violated the Gun Control Act and its regulations.
- 6. I conclude that Licensee willfully violated 18 U.S.C. § 922(t) and 27 C.F.R. § 478.102(a); 18 U.S.C. § 923(g)(3)(A) and 27 C.F.R. § 478.126a; and 18 U.S.C. § 922(m) and 27 C.F.R. § 478.21(a). Accordingly, as provided by 18 U.S.C. § 923(e) and 27 C.F.R. § 478.73, the Federal firearms license held by Colorado Shooting Sports, LLC, is revoked.

I also conclude that each of the violations are independently a basis for revocation. I would revoke the license even if only one of the violations was deemed to be a willful violation.

Dated this // day of April, 2022.

(b)(6)

PAUL W. BROWN

Director, Industry Operations
Denver Field Division
Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives
United States Department of Justice



U.S. Department of Justice

Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives

Washington DC www.atf.gov

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Selling Firearms AFTER Revocation, Expiration, or Surrender of an FFL

Former Federal Firearms licensees (FFLs) who continue to sell firearms after the revocation, expiration, or surrender of their license are subject to the same rules as persons who have never been licensed in determining whether they are "engaged in the business" of selling firearms without a license in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 922(a)(l)(A). Accordingly, former licensees who wish to dispose of any remaining business inventory must adhere to the following guidance:

Business inventory must be disposed of by the former FFL in a manner that, objectively, does not constitute being engaged in the business of dealing in firearms using the same facts and circumstances test that would apply to persons who have never been licensed.

The preferred manner of disposition is for the former licensee to:

- Arrange for another FFL to purchase the business inventory (and other assets) of the business; or
- Consign the inventory to another FFL to sell on consignment, or at auction.

Should a former FFL decide against those options, he/she should be aware that future sales - whether from his/her personal firearms collection or otherwise - will be evaluated for a potential violation of 18 U.S.C. § 922(a)(l)(A), just as would occur with a person who had never been licensed.

If a former FFL is disposing of business inventory, the fact that no purchases are made after the date of license revocation, expiration, or surrender does not immunize him/her from potential violations of 18 U.S.C. § 922(a)(l)(A). Instead, business inventory acquired through repetitive purchases while licensed are attributed to the former FFL when evaluating whether subsequent sales constitute engaging in the business of dealing in firearms without a license.

ATF remains committed to assisting former licensees in complying with Federal firearms laws. If you have questions, please contact your local ATF office.

CURTIS Digitally signed by CURTIS GILBERT Date: 2022.04.04
16:12:22 -04'00'

Curtis Gilbert
Deputy Assistant Director (Industry Operations)
Field Operations